



**Tier One/Tier Two  
and  
Individual Account Program (IAP)  
Preretirement Guide  
For PERS members hired before August 29, 2003**



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This *Preretirement Guide* is for general informational purposes only and is not intended to provide legal advice. If there is any conflict between this publication and federal law, Oregon law, or administrative rules, the law and administrative rules shall prevail.

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# How to contact us

## Telephone numbers

Member Services . . . . . 888-320-7377  
PERS headquarters TTY . . . . . 503-603-7766  
PERS Salem . . . . . 888-320-7377  
Oregon Savings Growth Plan . . . . . 888-320-7377  
PERS Health Insurance Program . . . . . 503-224-7377 (Portland)  
PERS Health Insurance Program toll free . . . . . 800-768-7377  
PERS long-term care insurance (UNUM) . . . . . 800-227-4165

## Fax numbers

Tigard headquarters . . . . . 503-598-0561  
Oregon Savings Growth Plan . . . . . 503-603-7655  
PERS Salem . . . . . 503-603-7655

## Website

PERS website . . . . . [www.oregon.gov/pers](http://www.oregon.gov/pers)  
Oregon Savings Growth Plan . . . . . [www.oregon.gov/pers/OSGP](http://www.oregon.gov/pers/OSGP)  
PERS Health Insurance Program . . . . . [www.pershealth.com](http://www.pershealth.com)  
Social Security Administration . . . . . [www.ssa.gov](http://www.ssa.gov)  
Oregon Department of Revenue . . . . . [www.oregon.gov/dor](http://www.oregon.gov/dor)  
Internal Revenue Service . . . . . [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov)

## Mailing addresses

PERS Headquarters PO Box 23700 Tigard OR 97281-3700	Oregon Savings Growth Plan 800 Summer St. NE, Suite 200 Salem, OR 97301-1248
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# Introduction: Getting Ready To Retire



Congratulations on your upcoming retirement. Before we can pay your benefits, we need some information from you (and your spouse, if applicable). You will also need to make some important benefit decisions. Your Oregon PERS Tier One/Tier Two and Individual Account Program (IAP) Preretirement Guide will help you make those decisions.

The [Retirement Application](#) is the main form you must complete to initiate PERS benefits. The application covers both the Tier One/Tier Two and IAP programs. Since it covers two programs, you may have to provide the same information or fill out similar forms for both programs. This is necessary to process your benefit payments. Failure to provide all requested information and forms could delay your benefits.

Based on the choices you make and your individual situation, you may need to complete additional forms.

Some information, such as verification of age, is the same for both plans and can be found in the appendices.

## Work After Retirement Information for Tier One/Tier Two

**If you return to employment with a private employer,** your PERS retirement benefits will continue unchanged. PERS does not limit the hours you can be employed or the amount of money you can earn from a private employer.

**If you return to employment with a PERS-participating employer in the state of Oregon after retirement,** Oregon statutes [impose certain limitations](#) on that employment. **Compliance with the statutory limitations is your responsibility. If you exceed the work-hour limitations, you will be accountable.** Exceeding the limitations may lead to your retirement benefits being canceled and you being invoiced for any overpaid benefits.

Senate Bill 1049, passed by the Oregon Legislature in 2019, [lifted most restrictions on working after retirement](#) for calendar years 2020 through 2024. SB 1049 simplified some previous work-after-retirement rules as of January 1, 2020. These rules will now continue through December 31, 2034, based on House Bill 2296 (2023). During these years, most PERS retirees who retire at “normal” retirement age may return to work for a PERS-participating employer and still collect their PERS retirement benefits with no limitations imposed by PERS. Your employer may have other limitations on your work hours.

If you retire early, make sure you have a complete break from any PERS-participating employment for **at least six full months** after your retirement date, **before** returning to work, if you want to work unlimited hours.

Find full details on the [PERS website](#).

Different rules apply to members who retire due to disability.

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## Getting started

All retiring members will need to answer the following questions:

- When should I retire?
- What payment option shall I choose?
- Is my beneficiary designation correct?
- Do I want my monthly payments deposited directly to my financial institution?
- How much federal or Oregon state tax shall I have withheld?

Depending on your circumstances, you may also need to answer some additional questions:

- Am I eligible to retire? (See [page 9](#).)
- Do I want to make any purchases?
- Do I need to make a purchase to meet service time requirements?
- Do I want to continue in the Variable Annuity Program after retirement?
- Do I want to roll my member account over to another retirement plan, a deferred comp plan, or an Individual Retirement Account (IRA)?

This guide includes information to help you respond to these questions. You can obtain additional forms and publications, including information sheets, by visiting the PERS website at [www.oregon.gov/pers](http://www.oregon.gov/pers), emailing PERS at [PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us](mailto:PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us) or by calling PERS toll free at 888-320-7377.

Note: If you are a police officer or firefighter, you may have additional forms to complete. These are described in Section A: Part Three of this booklet.

## Preretirement information

Many informational services are available to help you plan your retirement.

### *Request a Retirement Benefit Estimate*

You will need a benefit estimate to make necessary retirement decisions. You can create a benefit estimate online through Online Member Services on the PERS website. You can download the [Estimate Request](#) form from the PERS website ([www.oregon.gov/pers](http://www.oregon.gov/pers)), or you can request one by calling Member Services toll free 888-320-7377. You can request a written estimate within 24 months of your retirement date.

We recommend you bring your estimate and purchase letters with you to your Retirement Application Assistance Session (RAAS). See below for more information on RAAS.

Your written estimate provides information on purchases of forfeited credit and waiting time you may want to make, which could increase your benefit or provide extra service time to allow you to retire sooner.

### *Attend a Group Retirement Education Presentation*

Group education presentations are designed to maximize PERS' services by answering the most commonly asked questions in a group setting. PERS provides free group education presentations throughout the state; they are available to any member at any career stage. You will find a [schedule of the group presentations](#) on our website ([www.oregon.gov/pers](http://www.oregon.gov/pers)).

You can register on the PERS website ([www.oregon.gov/pers](http://www.oregon.gov/pers)) or by calling Member Services toll free 888-320-7377.

### *Take Advantage of Financial Planning Workshops*

PERS partners with VALIC, a private financial planning company, to provide members with basic financial planning information. This partnership is not an endorsement of VALIC products or services. There are no fees for VALIC presentations. VALIC is not authorized to sell products or services during the presentation. VALIC schedules are posted on the PERS website.

### *Attend PERS Retirement Application Assistance Sessions (RAAS)*

We encourage you to attend a Retirement Application Assistance Session (RAAS) to meet with a staff member before turning in your application. These 45-minute appointments with a staff member help ensure you have filled out your application completely. These are designed for members within three months of retirement. You should bring your completed application to the session. We recommend you attend a Retirement Readiness Presentation before your RAAS.

These sessions are valuable information sources, and members who attend can be confident they understand their retirement options and that they have filled out their applications correctly.

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You can register for a [RAAS on the PERS website \(www.oregon.gov/pers\)](http://www.oregon.gov/pers) or by calling Member Services toll free at 888-320-7377.

### ***Use Our Website***

Our website contains many useful documents and forms. It is user friendly with a search engine and has a link to email your questions directly to our Member Services staff.

### ***Call Member Services***

If you cannot find the answers to your questions in this guide or on our website, call Member Services toll free at 888-320-7377 for additional help.

## **Registered domestic partners**

PERS provides benefits to a registered domestic partner to the same extent that a spouse would be entitled to PERS benefits under the plan unless to do so would conflict with the plan's federal tax qualification.

**Registered domestic partners should complete PERS forms as “registered domestic partner” wherever relationship is requested and are considered “married” wherever spousal consent is required.**

Registered domestic partners will be required to provide the necessary paperwork to establish their status, just as PERS requires of married couples. For example, in the event of a member's death, a registered domestic partner must submit the [Certificate of Registered Domestic Partnership](#) to apply for PERS benefits as that member's spouse or, in the event a registered domestic partnership is dissolved, a certified copy of a Judgment of Dissolution of Domestic Partnership must be received by PERS and approved as administrable before an alternate payee award can be established. For further guidance, ORS 106.310 defines a registered domestic partnership as a civil contract, entered into in person, between two individuals who are at least 18 years of age, who are otherwise capable, and at least one of whom is an Oregon resident. “Partner” means an individual joined in a domestic partnership.

There are several exceptions when tax qualification requirements mean that PERS will provide Tier One/ Tier Two benefits to registered domestic partners differently than spouses:

- If you choose Option 2 or Option 2A with a registered domestic partner as your beneficiary and the registered partner is more than 10 years younger, the benefit paid will be adjusted.
- If you choose Option 2A or Option 3A with a registered domestic partner as the beneficiary and later legally dissolve the domestic partnership, the dissolution does not allow you to increase your benefit (i.e., convert from a joint and survivor annuity to a single life annuity) by reason of divorce.
- You can only obtain PERS health insurance for your registered domestic partner if he or she is also your dependent for federal income tax purposes.
- If your death benefit distribution is eligible to be rolled over, your registered domestic partner may be able to roll over only to a particular IRA. Please see information below about consulting a qualified tax professional for more information.

**Note:** Federal income tax law may apply differently to a registered domestic partner receiving a PERS benefit. Please consult a qualified tax professional if you have questions about federal income tax aspects of a PERS benefit.

## **Accuracy of information used to calculate your retirement benefit**

You have the right to dispute, in writing, the accuracy of the information used to calculate your retirement benefit within 240 days of the date PERS sends your Notice of Entitlement letter or the issued date of your first actual benefit payment, whichever is later. Please review the letter carefully as you will be responsible for repaying any overpaid benefits.

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## Your retirement planning checklist

### More than three years before retiring

- Organize all of your financial statements, and take an inventory of your savings, assets, and liabilities.
- Register for a financial planning workshop, or do individual research to determine what your financial needs will be during retirement.
- Register and attend an [Introduction to PERS Retirement Presentation](#).

### One-two years before retiring

- Review your financial holdings and compare them to what your needs will be at retirement. You may wish to register for and attend a financial planning workshop.
- Complete and submit an estimate request form, or prepare your own estimate by using Online Member Services (OMS) on the PERS website.
- Register and attend a PERS Retirement Readiness Group Presentation.

### Nine months before retiring

- Check that all of the current personal information PERS has for you is accurate, including your address, name, birth date, and, if applicable, any court order.
- Make sure you have copies of officially accepted documents for verification of age.

- Make sure you have necessary verification for special purchases, such as out-of-state teaching or military purchases (if applicable).

### Within 90 days before retiring

- Attend a PERS Retirement Application Assistance Session (RAAS). Register for a RAAS by making an appointment for a date within 90 days of your retirement date. These 45-minute appointments with a staff member help ensure you have filled out your application completely. The RAAS must be within three months of retirement. You should bring your completed application to the session. We recommend you attend a PERS Retirement Readiness Presentation before your RAAS. You can register for a RAAS on the PERS website ([www.oregon.gov/pers](http://www.oregon.gov/pers)).

### 60 days after issue date of your first benefit payment

- This is the last day you can change your option choice or your choice of beneficiaries to joint and survivorship options. You may also change your variable annuity election.

Note: If you choose a lump-sum settlement option and want to change that option, you will be required to repay any lump-sum funds distributed to you.



## Retirement ages/years of service for Tier One/Tier Two members for full and reduced benefits

Full Benefits		
Class	Age	PERS Service
All members	Any age	30 years
General Service Tier One	58	No minimum
General Service Tier Two	60	No minimum
Police and Fire	50-55	25 years
Police and Fire	55	No minimum

Reduced Benefits		
Class	Age	PERS Service
General Service Tier One	55-58	Less than 30 years
General Service Tier Two	55-60	Less than 30 years
Telecommunications (911 operators)	Any age; no COLAs until age 55	25 years
Police and Fire	50-55	Less than 25 years

### Important residency information

You must provide PERS with residency information. Make sure you check one of two boxes in Section D of the Tier One/Tier Two Service Retirement Application to indicate whether or not you reside in Oregon. If your residency changes after your retirement, you must inform PERS of the change.

### Background

The 1991 Oregon Legislature made PERS benefits subject to state income tax. The Oregon Supreme Court ruled that benefits could only be taxed if a “remedy” was provided. This resulted in a benefit increase for some Tier One members. No one who began working for a PERS-covered employer after July 14, 1995, is entitled to the “remedy.”

Senate Bill 822 (2013 legislative session) removed the “tax remedy” for Tier One members who do not pay Oregon state income tax because they do not reside in Oregon.

Members must declare if their benefit payment(s) will be subject to Oregon state personal income tax based on Oregon residency. Find full information on the [PERS website](#).

### Important retirement date information

Your effective retirement date can be no sooner than either the first day of the month following the last day you worked (or were on qualifying paid leave) or the first of the month following the month you file your application for benefits, whichever is later. Example: If your last day of work was December 5, 2015, your retirement date could be no earlier than January 1, 2016; if your last day worked was May 5, 2007, but you did not file your application until August 6, 2015, your retirement date could be no earlier than September 1, 2015.

Tier One/Tier Two retirement applications must be received by PERS before the effective retirement date. The effective retirement date is always the first day of a month.

# Section A: Your Tier One/Tier Two Retirement

## Part One: Your Guide to Retirement Options



*You can select from 13 different options to cover a variety of circumstances. In most cases options cannot be changed later than 60 days after you receive your first benefit payment, so we recommend you read this section carefully. You may also want to consult a qualified financial advisor or tax consultant.*

One of the most important decisions you will make when you retire is which option best fits your situation. It is also one of the most complicated decisions because there are 13 different choices. You may choose only one of the 13 options. ([See Benefits options at a glance, page 13.](#))

**Important note: If you are married, your spouse must consent to your option choice; otherwise, you will automatically receive benefits as described under retirement Option 3. ([Registered domestic partners, see page 7 for more information on consent.](#))**

In most cases the payment option you choose cannot be changed after 60 days from the date of your first benefit payment.

All **monthly retirement benefits** are paid to the retiree for life. The option you choose will affect the amount of the monthly benefit payment. An option that includes a beneficiary payment will produce a lower monthly benefit payment.

If your final benefit calculation results in a monthly benefit amount of less than \$200 under Option 1, you will receive a one-time payment equal to the actuarial value of that benefit over your lifetime. You retain your right to participate in the PERS Health Insurance Program.

### **Nonsurvivorship options**

**Select one of these options if you do not plan to provide a lifetime monthly payment to a beneficiary upon your death. Depending on the length of time you receive benefits before your death, your beneficiary may or may not receive a benefit payment if you elect the Refund Annuity or 15-Year Certain Option.**

**Option 1 (nonrefund).** This benefit is paid for your lifetime. It provides you with the highest monthly benefit. No benefit of any kind is paid to anyone after you die.

**Refund Annuity Option.** This benefit is paid for your lifetime. When you die, your designated beneficiary will receive a lump-sum refund of any amount remaining in your member account. You may change your beneficiary at any time, you may have multiple beneficiaries, and your beneficiary need not be a person, i.e., it may be an estate or the trustee of a trust. Usually after nine to 11 years, there is no remaining account balance to pay to a beneficiary.

**15-Year Certain Option.** This benefit is paid for your lifetime. If you die before receiving 180 monthly payments (15 years), your beneficiary is entitled to receive the remainder of the 180 monthly payments. Once you have received at least 180 payments, no benefit is payable to your beneficiary. You may change your beneficiary any time, you may have multiple beneficiaries, and your beneficiary need not be a person.

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## Survivorship options

**Select one of these options if you want to provide a lifetime monthly payment to a beneficiary upon your death.**

Under any of the survivorship options, you may name only one beneficiary. The beneficiary must be a living person, and you must provide age verification for your beneficiary. Your monthly benefit payment is based upon the age difference between you and your beneficiary. For example, if your beneficiary is a grandchild, your benefit will be substantially lower than if your beneficiary is someone closer to your age.

**Option 2.** This is a “joint and survivor” benefit and is paid for your lifetime. After you die, your surviving beneficiary will receive, for life, the same monthly benefits you received unless your surviving beneficiary is not your spouse and is more than 10 years younger than you. In this case, due to IRS limits, your beneficiary’s payment is pro-rated and decreased.

The adjusted employee/beneficiary age difference is determined by first calculating the excess of the age of the employee over the age of the beneficiary based on their ages on their birthdays in a calendar year. Then, if the employee is younger than age 70, the age difference determined in the previous sentence is reduced by the number of years that the employee is younger than age 70 on the employee’s birthday in the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date.

No change of beneficiary is permitted after 60 days from the date of your first benefit payment. If your beneficiary dies before you do, your benefit is not changed, and all benefits stop when you die.

**Option 2A: Full survivorship with Option 1 contingency.** Also a “joint and survivor” benefit as in Option 2 (see Option 2 for information regarding a non-spouse beneficiary who is more than 10 years younger than you). However, if your beneficiary should die before you, or your beneficiary is your spouse on your effective retirement date and you are divorced after you retire, you may then elect to receive the Option 1 benefit adjusted by any increases or decreases, which may have occurred since your retirement. Note: A change to the Option 1 benefit amount is not processed until PERS has been notified in writing.

**Option 3: Half survivorship.** This is a half “joint and survivor” benefit and is paid for your lifetime. After you die, your surviving beneficiary will receive, for life, monthly benefits of one-half the amount you received. No change of beneficiary is permitted after 60 days from the date of your first benefit payment. If your beneficiary dies before you, your benefit is not changed, and all benefits stop when you die.

**Option 3A: Half Survivorship with Option 1 Contingency.** This is a half “joint and survivor” as in Option 3. However, if your beneficiary should die before you, or your beneficiary is your spouse on your effective retirement date and you are divorced after you retire, you may then elect to receive the Option 1 benefit adjusted by any increases or decreases which may have occurred since your retirement. Note: A change to the Option 1 benefit amount is not processed until PERS has been notified in writing.

**Note:** [Registered domestic partners, see page 7 for more information on survivorship options.](#)

## Lump-sum settlement options

These options provide a lump-sum payment of your member account balance plus a lifetime monthly pension from your employer’s contributions. The exception is the Total (double) Lump-Sum Option. Lump-sum payments are subject to immediate taxation unless they are rolled over directly to an IRA, Roth IRA, or eligible employer plan. (SIMPLE IRAs and Coverdell Savings Accounts—formerly known as educational IRAs—are not eligible.) We must withhold a mandatory 20% federal tax on taxable lump-sum payments paid directly to you. If you participate in the variable account and select a lump-sum option, you will have your variable balance transferred to your regular account.

**Lump-Sum Option 1 (non-refund).** You will receive a refund of your member account balance and a monthly benefit based on your employer’s contributions as in Option 1.

**Lump-Sum Option 2.** You will receive a refund of your member account balance and a monthly benefit based on your employer’s contributions as in Option 2.

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**Lump-Sum Option 2A.**

You will receive a refund of your member account balance and a monthly benefit based on your employer's contributions as in Option 2A.

**Lump-Sum Option 3.**

You will receive a refund of your member account balance and a monthly benefit based on your employer's contributions as in Option 3.

**Lump-Sum Option 3A.**

You will receive a refund of your member account balance and a monthly benefit based on your employer's contributions as in Option 3A.

**Total (double) Lump-Sum Option.**

You will receive a refund of your member account balance and a matching amount from your employer's account. **This option does not provide ongoing monthly benefits.** If you elect this option, you will receive no further payments from PERS. You retain your right to participate in the PERS Health Insurance Program.

**Lump-Sum Installments**

You may choose to have these lump-sum payments paid out in up to five annual installments. If you elect more than one installment, the first payment will be made within 92 days of your retirement date, and additional installments will be paid each anniversary of your first installment payment. If you die before all installments are paid, the unrefunded balance in your account plus interest to the disbursement date is payable to your beneficiary. For each installment, you may choose to receive the payment directly or roll the taxable portion over to an IRA, Roth IRA, or other eligible employer plan. We must withhold a mandatory 20% federal tax on taxable lump-sum payments paid directly to you.

**Changing your Option**

**You have the right to change your option selection within 60 days after the date of your first benefit payment.** The change is retroactive to your effective retirement date, and overpaid benefits must be repaid to PERS. Please note: The PERS Board may deny an election to change a beneficiary or benefit option to maintain PERS as a qualified plan under IRS requirements.

**Variable Annuity Program Participation**

If you participate in the variable account, you may choose to continue participation after retirement. A variable annuity will be included in your monthly benefit and will increase or decrease annually based on gains or losses from investments of the variable account. You may change your variable annuity election any time up to 60 days after the issue date of your first benefit payment. Once this 60 days has elapsed, you cannot change your variable annuity election. If you elect a lump-sum settlement, your variable account will be automatically transferred to your regular account at retirement.

## Tier One/Tier Two benefit options at a glance

Option	Do monthly payments continue while I'm alive?	Do monthly payments continue after I die?	What kind of payment is due to my beneficiary after I die?	Can my beneficiary be an estate, trustee, or charity?	Can I change my beneficiary more than 60 days after my first benefit payment?
Refund Annuity	Yes	No	The balance (if any) of your account in a single payment	Yes	Yes
Option 1 or Lump-Sum Option 1*	Yes	No*	None*	N/A	Yes*
Option 2 or Lump-Sum Option 2*	Yes	Yes	Monthly* (same amount as member)	No	No
Option 2A or Lump-Sum Option 2A*	Yes	Yes	Monthly* (same amount as member)	No	No, but you can change to Option 1 (see note below)
Option 3 or Lump-Sum Option 3*	Yes	Yes	Monthly* (1/2 of member's amount)	No	No
Option 3A or Lump-Sum Option 3A*	Yes	Yes	Monthly* (1/2 of member's amount)	No	No, but you can change to Option 1 (see note below)
15-Year Certain	Yes	If 180 payments have not been made to member and beneficiary is a person**	Monthly*** (same amount as member for the remainder of the 180 payments)	Yes*	Yes
Total (double) Lump-Sum*	No	No*	One payment of the total lump-sum account balance	Yes	Yes

Note: If you select Option 2A or 3A or Lump-Sum Option 2A or 3A, you can change your monthly benefit to Option 1 if your beneficiary dies or you and your beneficiary divorce. Notify PERS in writing to change to Option 1. [Registered domestic partners, see page 7](#) for additional information.

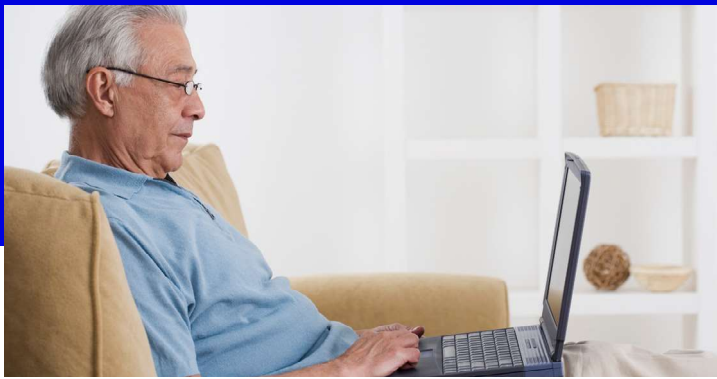
\* Remaining lump sum, if any, to be paid to beneficiary of record.

\*\* If beneficiary is a person, any remaining payments will be made on a monthly basis; if beneficiary is an estate, remaining monthly benefits can be paid in a lump sum based on actuarial present value.

\*\*\* If beneficiary is a person, that person can designate a beneficiary.

## Section A

### Part Two: Your Tier One/Tier Two Tax Information



*Make sure you understand the tax implications of all your benefit decisions. You may want to consult with a tax expert to ensure you will be prepared for any tax consequences of your decisions.*

#### **Important tax information**

PERS benefits (both monthly and lump-sum) are subject to federal taxes, regardless of where you live, and to Oregon state income taxes if you are an Oregon resident. State inheritance and federal estate taxes may be owed by a surviving beneficiary.

Federal and Oregon state income taxes will be withheld from monthly benefits at the standard rates unless you complete and submit a [Form W-4P](#). The standard federal rate is single with no adjustments, and the Oregon state standard rate is single with zero exemptions. Oregon nonresidents **must** complete a Form W-4P to elect out of Oregon state income tax withholding. By January 31, PERS mails retired members one or more Form 1099-Rs for benefits paid the previous year.

#### **Change from an annuity option to a lump-sum option**

If you make an option change from an annuity option to a lump-sum distribution within the first 60 days after the date of your first benefit payment, you may then elect an option that is eligible for rollover. If you elected an annuity option and purchased your forfeited time, then change to a lump-sum option, the amount of your purchase of forfeited time will be returned to you.

#### **Change from a lump-sum option to an annuity option**

If you make an option change from a lump-sum settlement option to an annuity option within the first 60 days after the date of your lump-sum distribution, you must repay the lump-sum amount, including any taxes withheld. PERS does not accept rollover

funds. If you rolled your lump-sum distribution, you will need to work with your financial institution to recover those funds.

Please consult with a qualified tax advisor for more information, since failed or erroneous rollovers can result in significant tax consequences and possible penalties.

#### **General information about rollovers**

A rollover is the transfer of your PERS distribution, either by you or by PERS on your behalf, to an IRA, a Roth IRA, or an eligible employer plan. Please note that other employer plans are not legally required to accept a rollover. If your other employer plan does not accept a rollover, you can choose to roll over your distribution to an IRA. Your distribution cannot be rolled over to a SIMPLE IRA or Coverdell Education Savings Account (formerly an education IRA).

Only lump-sum and retro payments can be rolled over, including those paid to a former spouse as part of a divorce settlement under a qualified domestic relations order. ([Registered domestic partners, see page 7](#) for additional information.)

The distribution you receive will be an eligible rollover distribution unless it is a required minimum distribution or is one of a series of annuity payments (the monthly benefit is paid under all benefit options except total lump sum). In general, the lump-sum portion of all payment options is eligible for rollover treatment whether you elect one or up to five installments. If you elect to directly transfer all or part of your benefit that is eligible for rollover

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to another eligible employer plan or IRA, you need to provide instructions to PERS on the appropriate part of the retirement application. If you elect an annuity option at retirement but decide to change to a lump-sum option within 60 days of your first benefit payment and want to roll over all or part of your benefit (and are under the IRS minimum distribution age—January 1 of the year turning 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949) or age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949) ), you will need to complete a [PERS: Rollover Eligible Distribution](#) form which is part of the application, which can be obtained from any PERS office or the PERS website.

### **Mandatory 20% withholding**

An eligible rollover distribution is subject to mandatory 20% federal withholding unless you:

- roll over the distribution,
- instruct PERS to transfer the amount you are rolling over directly to another eligible employer plan or IRA.

#### **AND**

- provide PERS sufficient information to identify the other eligible employer plan or IRA to which the transfer rollover is to be made. (Use Section J in the application for these purposes.)

### **Treatment of after-tax contributions**

If you made after-tax contributions (member cost), these contributions can be rolled into either an IRA or a qualified retirement plan that accepts rollovers of the after-tax contributions. The following rules apply:

- a) Rollover into an IRA. You can roll over your after-tax contributions to an IRA either directly or indirectly. If you roll over after-tax contributions to an IRA, it is your responsibility to keep track of and report to the IRS on the applicable IRS forms, the amount of these after-tax contributions.
- b) Rollover into an employer plan. You can roll over after-tax contributions from PERS to an employer plan that is qualified under Internal Revenue code section 401(a) or 403(b) using a direct rollover if the other plan agrees to accept and provide separate accounting for the after-tax amounts rolled over, including separate accounting for the after-tax employee contribution and earnings on those contributions. You cannot roll over after-tax contributions to a governmental 457 plan. If you want to roll over your after-tax contributions to another qualified plan that accepts these rollovers, you cannot have the after-tax contributions paid to you first. You must instruct PERS to make a direct

rollover on your behalf. Also, you cannot first roll over after-tax contributions to an IRA and then roll over that amount into an employer plan.

### **Capital gains treatment and 10-year averaging**

If you were born before January 1, 1936, and elected to have a total lump sum paid directly to you, you may be eligible for special capital gain or averaging tax treatment. Please contact your tax advisor regarding your individual tax situation.

### **Additional tax on early distributions**

Federal law imposes a separate 10% tax (in addition to regular income taxes on the distribution) on benefits you receive before age 59½. The additional tax does not apply to payments made to you:

- Because of death, disability, or termination of employment after you attain age 55 (age 50 for P&F)
- OR**
- As monthly payments paid over your lifetime. In addition, the 10% additional tax does not apply to a distribution to the extent it is rolled over to another qualified plan or an IRA. See IRS Form 5329 for more information on the additional 10% tax.

### **Required minimum distribution**

Internal Revenue code 401(a)(9) requires you to begin receiving benefits before April 1 of the year following the calendar year in which you reach age 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), or age 73 (if born after December 31, 1950), or leave PERS employment, whichever is later. If you become subject to the required minimum distribution rules, at least a portion of your benefit is your required minimum distribution.

In addition, if you name a nonspouse individual who is more than 10 years younger than you as your beneficiary, your benefit may be adjusted, and the amount your beneficiary will receive may be limited.

### **Benefit Equalization Fund**

Internal Revenue code section 415(b) limits the benefit amount that can be paid from the qualified retirement plan. The amount allowed to be paid from the qualified retirement plan will depend upon the annual IRS limit and your age at retirement. Benefits in excess of the amount allowed will be paid from the Benefit Equalization Fund. PERS will provide you with additional information if and when these rules are applied to you.

## Section A

### Part Three: Tier One/Tier Two Police Officers and Firefighters



*Additional benefit information for police officer and firefighter (P&F) members.*

P&F members must complete the same required retirement application as general service members. Additional forms are required if you have purchased or desire to purchase the [additional units available to P&F members](#). If those forms or related documents are not included in this packet, you can obtain them by contacting PERS Member Services toll free at 888-320-7377 or email [PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us](mailto:PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us). You can also find the forms on the PERS website. The forms are briefly described below.

## Forms and information for P&F members

### **P&F Unit Payment Application**

If you have already purchased P&F units, you must now choose when you wish to receive your unit payments. Complete Section F of the Retirement Application.

### **P&F unit purchase at retirement**

If you are younger than age 60 on your effective retirement date, you can make a lump-sum purchase of all eight units within 90 days before your effective retirement date. If you began making payments for units while you were still working, are age 65 or younger, and have not already purchased all eight units, you may do so within 90 days before your effective retirement date. Only nonretired members can make this purchase, which means you must still be working for your PERS-participating employer at the time PERS receives your purchase. To purchase units, you must complete the [Police Officer and Firefighter Unit Election at Retirement](#) form.

### **P&F unit benefits and federal taxes**

Unit benefit payments are not normally eligible for rollover distribution. If you have over \$4,000

in your unit account, however, the excess may be rollover-eligible. Read the [Police Officer and Firefighter Unit Questions and Answers](#) brochure for additional information.

An additional 10% federal tax may apply to monthly unit benefits paid before age 59½ if you separate from service before age 50.

### **Retirement Benefit Distribution Election form**

If you want PERS to roll over eligible excess unit benefits to your IRA or another qualified employer plan, you must complete the [Rollover Eligible Distribution](#) form. The name and address block in Section E should identify where you want PERS to send the payment.

### **Additional beneficiary benefit information for P&F members**

Upon retirement, there is an additional benefit for your surviving spouse or minor children unless you choose the total lump-sum option. This special benefit is in addition to any other benefit paid under any of the plans selected.

At the death of a retired P&F member who received an annuity option, the surviving spouse or minor children will begin receiving a monthly benefit based on 25% of the Refund Annuity benefit amount. If this additional monthly benefit computes to less than \$30, PERS will pay the actuarial equivalent in a lump sum rather than as a monthly benefit. If the member selects a lump-sum with annuity option, the 25% continuation is based on the Lump-Sum Option 1 amount.

Your beneficiary will receive your remaining P&F unit member account balance should you die before



# Section A

## Part Four: Other Things to Consider



*You will be faced with a number of important decisions when you retire, including whether or not to make special PERS-related purchases that could enhance your benefit. If you participate in the variable account, you will need to decide if you want to continue to participate. We have included some information here to help you make those decisions.*

*We also encourage you to meet with a qualified consultant or financial advisor when making important financial decisions.*

### Forms and information for special Tier One/Tier Two situations

[Registered domestic partners](#), see [page 7](#) for additional information.

Depending on your circumstances, you may need to fill out additional forms.

#### ***Retiree Variable Annuity Election***

If you have money in the variable account and do not choose a lump-sum payment option, you should complete Section E on the [Service Retirement Application](#). If you have made contributions to the variable account during your PERS employment, you should decide whether to leave money in the variable after your retirement or transfer it to the regular account. If you leave money in the variable account, your retirement benefit will increase or decrease annually depending on the variable's rate of return. The amount of the increase or decrease in the variable portion of a benefit is based on the assumed earnings rate in effect on your retirement date. If the variable account earns more than the assumed earnings rate, the variable portion of your benefit increases. If the variable account earns less than the assumed earnings rate, the variable portion of your benefit decreases. If you transfer your funds to the regular account, your benefit will be fixed and will change only for cost-of-living increases or any *ad hoc* increase passed by the

legislature. If your election is not received by PERS, your account will remain in the variable.

You may change your variable annuity election any time between your original election and within 60 days after the issue date of your first benefit payment. Generally, once this 60 days has elapsed, you may make no changes to your variable annuity election.

For detailed information, please request [Understanding the Variable Annuity Program](#).

#### **Purchases**

You may be able to purchase retirement credit. A purchase may enhance your retirement benefits or help you establish retirement eligibility. You will find information about these purchases included with your benefit estimate.

If you qualify and wish to make the purchase, you must complete an [Estimate Request](#) form and request a Purchase Agreement form showing the purchase cost from PERS Member Services.

Most purchases must be made within 90 days before the effective date of your retirement.

If you make a purchase, you must mail in your purchase and Purchase Agreement form to: PERS, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700. Record your PERS ID or the last four digits of your Social Security number on the check to ensure your purchase is credited to you. If you change your retirement date,

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the cost to purchase refunded time and most other retirement credits will change. (The cost to purchase waiting time does not change.)

Tier One and Tier Two members who are eligible to purchase service time can do so using pre-tax dollars from a 457 governmental-deferred compensation plan like the Oregon Savings Growth Plan (OSGP) or a 403(b) tax-sheltered annuity.

[Trustee-to-Trustee Transfers](#) can take months to complete, so it is best to contact your financial institution well in advance of retirement to discuss the time restraints and criteria associated with the type of purchase you wish to make.

**To ensure you meet required deadlines, we recommend you send PERS a check for your purchases along with the Purchase Agreement form.**

***Purchase of forfeited service (refunded time)***

You can restore service credit forfeited as the result of a previous withdrawal if you have at least 10 years of creditable service under Tier One or Tier Two since your reemployment. Service credit under a Loss-of-Membership account (leaving PERS-covered employment without being vested and not returning to PERS-covered employment within five years) is not eligible for purchases. For every three months of creditable service worked after reemployment in a PERS-covered position, you can purchase one month of forfeited service credit.

The purchase can take place only within the 90 days before the effective date of your retirement. The purchase letter you receive with your estimate must accompany payment. If you take advantage of this provision:

- You cannot elect a lump-sum option,
- The purchase must be made in one payment,  
**AND**
- The purchase must be the full amount withdrawn plus interest at 7.5% compounded annually from the date of withdrawal to your effective retirement date.

If you meet these conditions but are not eligible to purchase the total amount of service you forfeited, the purchase cost will be prorated. You cannot purchase less than the amount you are eligible to purchase. If you are eligible, PERS will automatically include this information in your benefit estimate.

**Credit for waiting time**

When you retire, you can receive credit for your waiting period(s). Before purchasing this time, the following conditions must be met:

- You must have at least 10 years of combined creditable service and/or prior service under PERS.
- The purchase can take place only within the 90 days before the effective date of your retirement.  
**AND**
- The payment must equal the employee and employer contributions that would have been made if you had been a member during that period.

The purchase is interest-free. If you are eligible for this purchase, PERS will automatically provide the information with your benefit estimate.

***Credit for educational service***

Members who are teachers or school administrators may be eligible to acquire up to four years of retirement credit for out-of-state teaching or administrative service at a public school (K-12) in a state other than Oregon. The purchase can be made by any PERS member who meets the following requirements:

- Is a licensed teacher\* as defined in ORS 342.120.
- Is currently employed by a common school district, union high school district, or an education service district (K-12).
- Was employed as a teacher\* in a state other than Oregon before becoming employed as a teacher in Oregon:
- Was employed in a public school system (private schools, military schools, and schools in other countries are excluded).  
**AND**
- Is not entitled to a pension or retirement allowance for the out-of-state service. Participation in a deferred compensation (457) or a 403(b) plan is allowed.

*\*Generally, “teacher” includes all licensed employees in public schools who have direct responsibility for instruction, coordination of educational programs, or supervision or evaluation of teachers. “Teacher” generally does not include a school nurse.*

The full cost of the increased benefit is your responsibility. This purchase must be made within 90 days of your effective retirement date. You must be a licensed teacher working for a PERS employer at the time you make the purchase. For additional information, read [Answers to Your Questions About Purchasing Retirement Credit for Out-of-State School Service](#).

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### **Credit for military service following PERS membership**

PERS members who served in the U.S. Armed Forces may be eligible for additional service credit. To be eligible, a member must have:

- Worked in a PERS-covered position before entering the service.
- Been other than dishonorably discharged from active duty.

#### **AND**

- Returned to the same public employer within certain time limits.

It is not necessary to wait until retirement to apply for this credit. Other credit may be available under the Federal Veterans Reemployment Rights Act or the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA).

### ***Credit for military service before PERS membership***

Members who are veterans are eligible to purchase up to four years of military time served before working for a PERS employer. The purchase can be made by any PERS member who:

- Entered or reentered active service after January 1, 1950, or was in active service on January 1, 1950,
- Was in active service for other than active duty for training.
- Was other than dishonorably discharged.
- Was in active service before employment with a PERS-participating employer.

#### **AND**

- Is neither receiving nor eligible to receive a military pension or retirement pay at the time of PERS retirement.

You are also eligible if you went into the reserves from active military service, are not receiving a military pension at the time of retirement from PERS, and are not eligible to receive a military pension until age 60.

You must pay the full cost of the purchase and resulting increased benefit. This purchase must be made within 90 days of your effective retirement date. If you cannot retire without purchasing retirement credit, you must make the full cost purchase within 90 days before your effective date of retirement. For more information, request [Answers to Your Questions About Purchasing Retirement Credit for Military Service](#).

### ***Credit for seasonal positions***

Employees who served for less than six months working full-time in a seasonal position with a PERS-covered employer before becoming a PERS member may purchase additional service credit.

The term “seasonal position” means an apprenticeship,

internship, or entry-level position in the employ of a PERS-covered employer that is served by a person before being employed in a technical or professional position with the same employer. This credit can be purchased only during the 90-day period before your effective retirement date.

### ***Credit for police officers and firefighters for non-PERS service in Oregon***

A member currently employed as a police officer or firefighter by a PERS-participating employer who was previously employed as a police officer or firefighter by an Oregon public employer not participating in PERS may purchase service credit for that time, not to exceed 10 years. The member can purchase credit any time before his/her effective retirement date.

### ***Credit for out-of-state service as a police officer***

A PERS member who is a police officer is entitled to make a full-cost purchase of retirement credit for any period the member was employed as a public safety officer by another state, or political subdivision of another state, before being employed in a position that entitled the member to credit in the system, not to exceed a maximum of four years. If you cannot retire without purchasing retirement credit, you must make the purchase within 90 days before your effective date of retirement.

### ***Purchase of disability time***

A member who received a PERS disability retirement allowance after January 1, 1985, may purchase retirement credit for the disability period if the member returned to employment with a PERS-participating employer after the period of disability. If the disability was due to a job-caused injury or illness, the cost of the additional retirement credit is charged to the employer at the time of the injury or illness. If the disability was not job-caused, the member must pay the full cost of the increased benefits.

**If you are interested in receiving information about any of these purchases, please contact PERS Member Services toll free at 888-320-7377 or email [PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us](mailto:PERS.Member.Services@state.or.us).**

Purchases made after the deadline will be returned to you. This means your monthly benefit from PERS will not be calculated using the purchase(s). Missing the deadline may also mean you will not be eligible to retire when planned.

[More information about purchases](#) is posted on the PERS website: [www.oregon.gov/PERS](http://www.oregon.gov/PERS).

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## **PERS Health Insurance Program (PHIP)**

PHIP is a group health insurance plan specifically designed for Oregon PERS retirees and their eligible family members.

PHIP offers Medicare and non-Medicare health and dental insurance coverage for all retirees, their spouses, and dependents who meet the eligibility requirements. When planning your retirement, review all health coverage options available to you to determine your best option.

If you are not yet Medicare-eligible, the PERS health plans may not be your best option for health insurance coverage. Your employer health plans may have better benefits and premiums for retirees who are not yet Medicare eligible. Make sure you inquire about your employer's health program options for non-Medicare eligible retirees.

You will find telephone numbers and website information for the PERS Health Insurance Program in the front of this guide.

# Section B: Your IAP Retirement

## Part One: Your Guide to IAP Eligibility and Options



### Retirement eligibility

There are several important factors to consider when you retire from the IAP:

- Your IAP disbursement is based on the account balance on the date of distribution, not the date you select to retire or withdraw from the IAP.
- IAP accounts are credited with investment earnings and losses annually and are subject to loss exposure until you remove the funds.
- IAP accounts have no guaranteed rate of return.

Also, if you retire from or withdraw your IAP account before age 59½, the distribution may be subject to a 10% IRS penalty. You can find additional information regarding this in the Federal Tax Information Disclosure document on the PERS website or enclosed in this packet. You may want to contact a qualified tax professional regarding your individual situation. When you retire as a PERS Tier One, Tier Two, or OPSRP member, you must also apply for IAP retirement. Please make sure you fill out all required sections as well as sections that may apply to you based on your selections.

We will return an incomplete retirement application to you, which could delay your payment. Additionally, any changes you want to make to your IAP choices must be made before your effective retirement date. Contact PERS if you have any questions.

### Distribution election

You can receive your distribution as a one-time lump-sum payment or installment payments over 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-years or as an Anticipated Life Span option distribution.

### 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year options

All installment distributions require you to select a distribution frequency. You may select monthly, quarterly, or annual distributions provided your account balance at the time of your IAP retirement supports

the payment minimums. Each distribution must be at least \$200. The minimum is based on the number of payments you will receive, determined by your option and frequency. The chart on [page 23](#) shows the minimum account balances required at the time of your IAP retirement for each payment option and frequency.

If your account balance at the time you retire from the IAP does not meet the minimum required for the option and frequency you select, your frequency and option will be reduced until your account balance meets the minimum, up to and including a one-time payment. The new option and/or frequency cannot be changed. However, at any time you can request a one-time, lump-sum payout of your IAP account.

### Anticipated Life Span option

Payment of the Anticipated Life Span option is based on the current market value of your account and an estimate of your life expectancy based on Internal Revenue Service (IRS) life expectancy tables. This distribution must also meet the \$200 per payment minimum standard to qualify, and the payment will vary each year based on the current market value of your account. ([See page 23](#) for a table with minimum account balance needed so each installment is at least \$200 based on anticipated life expectancy.) If your account balance at the time of IAP retirement does not meet the minimum required for the Anticipated Life Span option frequency you select, your frequency will be reduced until your account balance meets the minimum. If your account balance does not meet the minimum, your distribution option will default to the option that meets the \$200 per payment requirement. This new option and/or frequency cannot be changed. However, at any time you can request a one-time lump-sum payout.

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## **Rollover elections**

Only one-time lump-sum or 5-year distributions are rollover eligible. The other options, the 10-, 15-, 20-year installments and the Anticipated Life Span option, are not eligible for rollover and must be taken as a check sent directly to you or as a direct deposit

If you are rolling to a qualified plan rather than an IRA or Oregon Savings Growth Plan (OSGP <sup>1</sup>), a representative of the plan must complete the enclosed [Direct Transfer Rollover Acceptance form](#) (#459-388). You must establish an OSGP account before retiring or withdrawing to be able to roll over to OSGP.

Note: All IAP rollover checks other than to OSGP will be mailed to you with the financial institution as the payee. You will be responsible to deposit the funds to your account with that institution.

Contributions on which you have already paid taxes (after-tax contributions) may not be eligible to be rolled over. If not eligible to be rolled over, these funds will be mailed directly to you.

The W-4R IAP Lump Sum Withholding form for IAP Rollover-Eligible Distributions is not necessary for the portion of your distribution that you elect to roll over because rollover distributions are tax-exempt.

If you select a one-time lump-sum or 5-year distribution, you may elect to receive your distribution as a combination payment, which would split your payment in an amount specified by you. In this split/roll situation, two checks will be sent directly to you, one made out to you and the second check (the rollover portion) made out to the financial institution you specify. Your account balance must meet minimum requirements to qualify for combination split/roll payments. That minimum is \$500 for the rollover portion.

### **One-time rollover-eligible lump-sum distribution**

This option is a one-time lump-sum distribution of your entire IAP account. A one-time lump-sum payment can either be paid directly to you or rolled over into an IRA, eligible employer plan, or deferred compensation plan.

It can also be split as a combination payment, including an amount rolled over and the remainder

in a payment issued directly to you. The minimum is \$500 for the rollover portion.

## **Installment options**

You can receive installment payments by direct deposit into your bank account or by check mailed directly to you.

Once your distribution has begun, the amount your payment is based on will be equal to the current account balance divided by the number of payments left for the balance of the distribution. Because earnings and losses are applied monthly, each distribution will be different based on the current market value of your account. If your account reaches a zero balance, your distribution stops regardless of the number of payments left for the option chosen.

If you elect an installment option, you must designate a beneficiary by completing the IAP beneficiary designation section of the retirement application. You can change your beneficiary at any time as long as you have a remaining balance. If you have a complex beneficiary situation, you may want to consult an estate-planning attorney.

## **Cashing out**

If you decide that you no longer wish to receive an installment distribution, you can make a one-time decision to “cash out” your IAP account. Once the account is distributed in this fashion, it is not reversible and will close your IAP account with PERS. As this is not a withdrawal, you will retain membership with PERS and, should you decide to return to qualifying employment, you will not need to serve a six-month waiting time.

If you decide to cash out and your remaining account balance is greater than \$200, the distribution is rollover eligible and will be taxed accordingly.

If you decide to cash out, are under the age of 59½, and are not rolling these funds, the IRS may assess a 10% early withdrawal penalty.

If you have any questions regarding tax laws, you may wish to consult with a qualified tax professional or the IRS.

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<sup>1</sup>Requests for rollovers to the Oregon Savings Growth Plan (OSGP) are automatically transferred from your IAP account into your OSGP account.

## Direct deposit

All IAP distributions that are not rolled over are eligible for direct deposit. If you wish to receive your distribution as a direct deposit to your domestic bank account, please complete the enclosed [Authorization Agreement for Automatic Deposits \(ACH Credits\) form](#) (#459-001). Direct deposits cannot be made to foreign banks.

### Installment minimum account balances\*

Your account balance at the time you retire from the IAP retirement must be the **minimums** shown below so the first distribution is at least \$200.

Installment Option	Monthly Distribution	Quarterly Distribution	Annual Distribution
5-year installments	\$12,000 (60 payments)	\$4,000 (20 payments)	\$1,000 (5 payments)
10-year installments	\$24,000 (120 payments)	\$8,000 (40 payments)	\$2,000 (10 payments)
15-year installments	\$36,000 (180 payments)	\$12,000 (60 payments)	\$3,000 (15 payments)
20-year installments	\$48,000 (240 payments)	\$16,000 (80 payments)	\$4,000 (20 payments)

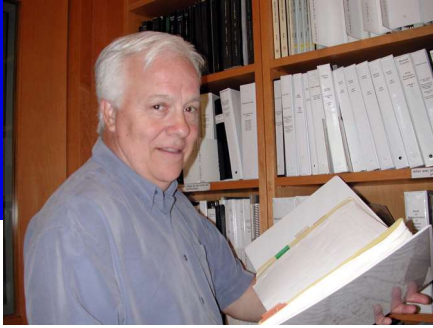
\* The number of payments are not guaranteed. Your account could reach a zero balance before you receive the number of payments specified.

### IAP Anticipated Life Span Option

Age at Retirement	Minimum account balance needed so each installment is at least \$200		
	Monthly	Quarterly	Annually
50	82,400	27,400	6,850
51	80,100	26,700	6,670
52	77,900	25,900	6,480
53	75,600	25,200	6,290
54	73,300	24,400	6,120
55	71,300	23,700	5,940
56	68,900	23,000	5,750
57	67,000	22,400	5,600
58	65,000	21,600	5,400
59	62,900	20,900	5,220
60	60,600	20,200	5,040
61	58,600	19,600	4,900
62	56,600	18,800	4,700
63	54,500	18,200	4,560
64	52,400	17,500	4,370
65	50,400	16,800	4,200
66	48,500	16,200	4,060
67	46,600	15,550	3,880
68	44,800	14,900	3,720
69	42,800	14,300	3,560
70	40,850	13,600	3,400
71	39,200	13,100	3,270
72	37,350	12,400	3,100
73	35,600	11,850	2,970
74	33,850	11,300	2,820
75	32,250	10,750	2,690

## Section B

### Part Two: IAP Tax Information



#### Required minimum distribution

If you are age 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), or older, Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(9) requires you to begin receiving your minimum PERS benefits (i.e., required minimum distribution) before April 1 of the year following the calendar year in which you reach 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), or age 73 (if born after December 31, 1950), or when you leave PERS employment, whichever is later.

If you are not working for a PERS-covered employer and are 70½ (if born before July 1, 1949), age 72 (if born after June 30, 1949), and before January 1, 1951 or age 73 (if born after December 31, 1950), or older, you must submit a retirement application to PERS. We will then calculate your required minimum distribution so you can begin to receive your retirement benefits.

#### Tax withholding on rollover-eligible distributions

PERS is required by federal law to withhold 20% of the taxable amount of any rollover-eligible distributions that are not rolled over. If you want additional taxes withheld, please enter a percentage greater than 20% on line 2 in Section B of the [W-4R IAP Lump Sum Withholding](#) form. The state of Oregon requires PERS to withhold 8% Oregon tax from the taxable amount of any rollover-eligible distributions you do not roll over unless we receive a valid [W-4R IAP Lump Sum Withholding](#) form.

If you do not want Oregon state income taxes withheld, please check the box in Section C. If you would like additional taxes withheld, please enter the additional dollar amount in Section please enter the additional dollar amount in Section C on the [W-4R IAP Lump Sum Withholding](#) form.

NOTE: Non-Oregon residents must complete the [W-4R IAP Lump Sum Withholding](#) form to be exempt from Oregon state income tax withholding.

NOTE: If you are not a U.S. citizen or resident noncitizen, please contact PERS for additional information regarding special withholding rules.

#### Tax withholding on non-rollover-eligible distributions

Installment distributions for the 10-, 15-, or 20-year and Anticipated Life Span options are not rollover eligible. These installment options are considered periodic distributions and, as such, are not taxed in the same manner as rollover-eligible distributions.

If you elect the 10-, 15-, 20-year, or Anticipated Life Span option, you must complete a [W-4P federal tax form](#). If you do not complete a W-4P, by law federal withholding will be based on a filing status of married with three exemptions, and Oregon withholding will be based on a filing status of single with zero exemptions.

NOTE: Non-Oregon residents must complete a valid [W-4P](#) to be exempt from Oregon state income tax withholding.

NOTE: If you are a U.S. citizen living outside the United States, you cannot exempt yourself from federal tax withholding.

NOTE: If you are not a U.S. citizen or resident noncitizen, please contact PERS for additional information regarding special withholding rules.

Depending on the choices you have made, you will have to complete additional forms for your IAP retirement.



## Section B

### Part Three: Additional Forms for IAP Retirement



#### **Supplementary forms you may need depending on your personal situation**

The following forms may or may not apply to you, depending on the choices you have made.

- [IAP Direct Transfer Rollover Acceptance](#)  
You must fill this out if you are rolling over any portion of your IAP benefit to another eligible employer plan or deferred compensation plan other than the Oregon Savings Growth Plan.
- [Authorization Agreement for Automatic Deposits](#)  
You must fill this out if you want us to deposit your benefit directly into a bank account.
- [W-4R IAP Lump Sum Withholding](#) For rollover-eligible elections, one-time and five-year options.

#### **Important notice regarding the W-4P for IAP installments of 10 years or more**

If you would like a withholding different from the one you choose for your Tier One/Tier Two account, you must fill out a separate W-4P for your IAP.

# Appendices



*Charts, examples, and other information.*

## Appendix A: Age verification

PERS can accept the following documents as verification of age. Since the documents you submit cannot be returned, please submit photocopies. Be sure to put your PERS ID on all documents so they are properly recorded. If you cannot furnish the proof required in Group 1 or 2, send PERS a written explanation.

If you are unable to copy a document, bring it into the PERS headquarters, and PERS will verify the birth information.

<b>Group 1</b>	<b>Group 2</b>
<p>If one item in this group is furnished showing birth dates, no further evidence of age is needed.</p> <p><b>Any ONE of these:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Copy of Oregon driver's license or ID card <b>if issued on or after February 4, 2008</b> (current or expired)</li><li>• Copy of REAL ID driver's license, driver's permit, or ID card issued by any state** (current or expired)</li><li>• Birth verification issued by state, county, or country (documents issued by foreign governments in a language other than English need to include a translation into English certified by a notary public, public agency, or other public official)</li><li>• American Indian Reservation Age Verification</li><li>• Infant baptism certificate</li><li>• Hospital birth certificate (if signed by attending physician or issued by state)</li><li>• Passport (current or expired)</li><li>• School-age record</li><li>• Naturalization or citizenship papers</li><li>• Family Bible record (if this record is furnished, include the following information certified by a notary public or other public official: copy of all family record entries in the Bible referring to applicant and parents, brothers, and sisters; Bible publication date or apparent age of Bible; when birth date was entered and by whom)</li></ul>	<p>Two items in this group from different sources are sufficient if age or birth date is shown.</p> <p><b>Any TWO of these:</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b> One child's birth certificate and one driver's license</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• A notarized affidavit by an older, immediate family member in a position to know the birth date (e.g., father, mother, etc.)</li><li>• Certificate of military record</li><li>• Marriage record (record must show your age or date of birth at time of marriage)</li><li>• Any other state's driver's license or ID card. (must be current)</li><li>• County voter registration (must show your age or date of birth; do not send in your precinct card)</li><li>• Copy of child's birth certificate if it shows age of parents</li><li>• Social Security record (record must be displayed on an estimate of benefits or screen print from the Social Security office; document must be dated within last 12 months)</li><li>• Military ID (military record DD214)</li><li>• Concealed weapons permit</li></ul>

\*A compliant REAL ID will have a picture of a star, or a star cutout in the upper right-hand corner of the card. In lieu of REAL IDs, some states also have issued "enhanced" driver's licenses, driver's permits, or ID cards. Enhanced cards are REAL ID compliant and will bear an American flag emblem and the word "enhanced" on the front of the card.

## Appendix B: Order of standard beneficiaries

If you elect the Standard beneficiary designation for your IAP or Tier One/Tier Two Nonsurvivorship option, they will be awarded any benefits due them in the following order:

- (a) To my **spouse**; and if he or she does not survive me, then to:
- (b) my **child\*** or **children** in equal shares, and the share of any child who does not survive me to his or her children living at my death in equal shares; but, if none of my children survive me, then to the children of my children living at my death in equal shares; and if neither my children nor any of their children survive me, then to:
- (c) my **mother** and **father** in equal shares, or to the survivor; and if neither survives me, then to:
- (d) my **brothers** and **sisters** in equal shares, and the share of any brother and sister who does not survive me to his or her children living at my death in equal shares; but, if none of my brothers and sisters survive me, then to the children of my brothers and sisters living at my death in equal shares, then to
- (e) my estate.

No payment shall be made to persons included in any of the above groups should there be living at the date of death persons in any groups preceding it as listed. Except as designated above, no dependents of any beneficiary who does not survive me will take any interest or benefit in property subject to this designation.

\*Natural born and adopted children are considered “children” even if you selected the standard designation before or after their adoption or birth. If your children are adopted by someone else, they are not considered your “children” under the standard designation. If you wish to name the adopted-out children as your beneficiary, use the specific designation part of this form.

## Appendix C: Examples for specific retiree designation of beneficiary

If you elect the Specific beneficiary designation for your IAP or Tier One/Tier Two Nonsurvivorship option, you need to complete the beneficiary tables in the designation sections of the retirement application.

In the event of a divorce, the designation of beneficiary may be subject to court order(s) filed with PERS. Always show full given names of person(s): for example, Mary R. Doe (not Mrs. Robert Doe). You must also allocate a percentage of your benefit to each beneficiary

Example for naming specific beneficiaries:

Specific Primary beneficiary #1		If living; otherwise, to #1 alternate beneficiary(ies).			
#1	Full name <i>Jane Smith</i>	Social Security # <i>000-00-0000</i>	Date of birth <i>6/15/1982</i>	Phone <i>503-555-1212</i>	Percentage <i>50%</i>
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Charity <input type="checkbox"/> Trust	Email or address <i>janesmith@gmail.com</i>		Relationship <i>Daughter</i>	
Alternate beneficiary(ies) for Primary #1      Alternate percentages must equal percentage assigned to primary #1					
#1a	Full name <i>Mary Brown</i>	Social Security # <i>000-00-0000</i>	Date of birth <i>8/25/1956</i>	Phone <i>808-555-4111</i>	Percentage <i>30%</i>
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Charity <input type="checkbox"/> Trust	Email or address		Relationship <i>Sister</i>	
#1b	Full name <i>Animals Win</i>	Social Security #	Date of birth	Phone <i>888-555-1111</i>	Percentage <i>20%</i>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Estate <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Charity <input type="checkbox"/> Trust	Email or address <i>000 Dalmatian Dr., Portland, OR</i>		Relationship	
Specific Primary beneficiary #2		If living; otherwise, to #2 alternate beneficiary(ies).			
#2	Full name <i>George Smith</i>	Social Security # <i>000-00-0000</i>	Date of birth <i>4/15/1975</i>	Phone <i>808-555-1612</i>	Percentage <i>50%</i>
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Charity <input type="checkbox"/> Trust	Email or address <i>000 Ocean Way, Hilo, HI</i>		Relationship <i>Son</i>	
Alternate beneficiary(ies) for Primary #2      Alternate percentages must equal percentage assigned to primary #2					
#2a	Full name <i>Christina Smith</i>	Social Security # <i>000-00-0000</i>	Date of birth <i>2/19/1997</i>	Phone <i>808-555-6641</i>	Percentage <i>25%</i>
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Charity <input type="checkbox"/> Trust	Email or address <i>000 Ocean Way, Hilo, HI</i>		Relationship <i>Granddaughter</i>	
#2b	Full name <i>Jacob Smith</i>	Social Security # <i>000-00-0000</i>	Date of birth <i>6/15/1988</i>	Phone <i>808-555-1620</i>	Percentage <i>25%</i>
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Person <input type="checkbox"/> Estate <input type="checkbox"/> Charity <input type="checkbox"/> Trust	Email or address <i>000 Ocean Way, Hilo, HI</i>		Relationship <i>Grandson</i>	

# Appendix D: Blank check guide

PERS Retiree  
1234 NW Center Street  
Anytown, OR 20000

Void

Date \_\_\_\_\_

PAY TO THE ORDER OF \_\_\_\_\_ \$ \_\_\_\_\_ DOLLARS

ANYTOWN BANK  
Anytown, OR 20000

For \_\_\_\_\_

Routing number \_\_\_\_\_

Account number \_\_\_\_\_

15-0000/000 1234

Do NOT include the check number.

⑆ :250200125 ⑆ :203030⑈⑈10⑈ 1234